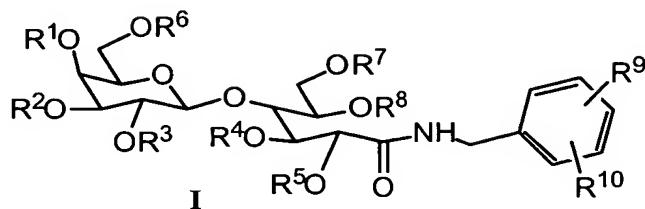


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## ABSTRACT

This invention provides smooth muscle cell proliferation inhibitors of formula I having the structure

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wherein

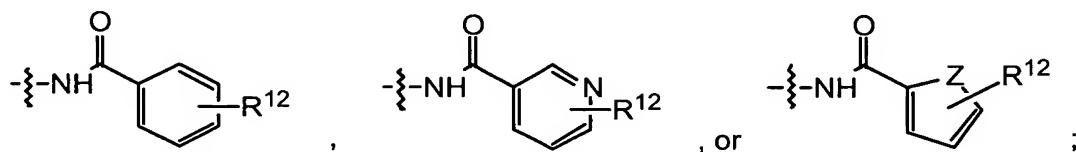
R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each, independently, acyl of 2-7 carbon atoms,

10 haloacyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, nitroacyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, cyanoacyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, trifluoromethylacyl of 3-8 carbon atoms, benzoyl, or -SO<sub>3</sub>H;

R<sup>9</sup> is hydrogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl of 1-6 carbon atoms, or alkoxy of 1-6 carbon atoms;

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -NHR<sup>11</sup>, -NHR<sup>13</sup>, -N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -NCH<sub>3</sub>R<sup>13</sup>, -NHCO<sub>2</sub>alkyl, wherein

15 the alkyl moiety contains 1-6 carbon atoms, alkylsulfonamide of 1 to 4 carbon atoms,



Z is O or S;

20 R<sup>11</sup> is an  $\alpha$ -amino acid in which the  $\alpha$  carboxyl group forms an amide with the nitrogen of R<sup>10</sup>, wherein if said amino acid is glutamic acid or aspartic acid, the non- $\alpha$  carboxylic acid is an alkyl ester in which the alkyl moiety contains from 1-6 carbon atoms;

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl of 1-6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1-6 carbon

25 atoms, acyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, or benzoyl;

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$R^{13}$  is hydrogen, acyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, haloacyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, nitroacyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, cyanoacyl of 2-7 carbon atoms, trifluoromethylacyl of 3-8 carbon atoms, or benzoyl;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.